حضرت على(ع): دانش راهبر نيكويي براي ايمان است

سری سوال: یک ۱	ن (دقیقه): تستی: ۸۰٪ تشریحی: ۰	. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	تعداد سوالات: تستى : 30٪ تشريحي			
www.PnuNews.com		بخی به زبان خارجی ۱	عنـــوان درس: قرائت متون تاري			
www.PnuNews.net		کاردانی)،تاریخ ۱۲۲۹۰۲۵	رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: تاریخ (
1-History is a means of disseminating and comprehending the wisdom and weakness of our forbears. forbears mean						
1. experiences	2. ancestors	3. conditions	^{4.} methods			
2-We know as yet little abo	out the early peoples of th	is very <u>ancient</u> land. ancie	ent means			
1. large	^{2.} destroyed	^{3.} old	4. changed			
- At present more than six billion people inhabit the earth. inhabit means						
·\ live	· ^۲ migrate	. ^r locate	·* replace			
- [°] There was a <u>conspiracy</u> by Iraqi officers to take control of Iraq. conspiracy means						
· control	· strong desire	^{.٣} rule	. ^۴ secret plan			
- After his time their empire gradually <u>declined</u> until it was finally overthrown by the Kassites. declined means						
·¹ founded	· ^۲ fell	. ^r occupied	^۴ began			
- At the same time they played a central role in establishing the <u>magnificent</u> civilization of Islam. magnificent means						
· domestic	· religious	.* excellent	.* ethnic			
-\times They established their <u>autonomous</u> government after they defeated the U.S forces. autonomous means						
·¹ realistic	· ^۲ independent	." military	. ^۴ inefficient			
-^The relationship betwee	n the overload and his vas	sals was <u>reciprocal</u> . recipr	ocal means			
·\ mutual	· ^۲ secular	." natural	.* particular			
-9 The prince has been the subject of heated debate and analysis. debate means						
·¹ location	· Y notion	[,] " region	.* discussion			
- \cdot As the practicality of these machines was soon demonstrated, mechanization was bound to be extended. demonstrated means						
·' needed	· ^۲ removed	·* showed	٠ ^۴ demanded			
- ' ' Historians use many kinds of to revisit and reinterpret the past.						
·¹ evolution	· ^۲ milieu	^{, r} artifact	·* evidence			
- \ The standard of the standa						
·\ disseminate	· ^Y interact	٠ ^٣ stimulate	·* identify			

= نيمسال اول ٩٢-١٣٩١ 💳

سری سوال: ۱ یک	ن (دقیقه): نستی : ۸۰ نشریحی: ۰): ·	عداد سوالات: نستى : 30 ٪ نشريحي			
www.PnuNews.com			عنـــوان درس: قرائت متون تار			
www.PnuNews.net		کاردانی)،تاریخ ۱۲۲۹۰۲۵	رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: تاریخ ([*]			
-\"Iran is in the northern hemisphere between the Caspian sea and the Persian Culf.						
·\ situated	· ^۲ attained	. ^r settled	.* created			
-۱۴ The first of the real half of Asia Minor.	of Cyrus was the	kingdom of Lydia, which o	occupied the western			
· ' institutions	· ^۲ conquests	." currencies	.* consequences			
15-Dictatorship and autocracy are two good synonyms for						
1. dominance	2. hellenism	^{3.} plateau	^{4.} depotism			
16-Those companies that move out of the capital will receive tax						
1. evolution	^{2.} exemption	^{3.} exploration	^{4.} extraction			
17-Because of theirlamp of culture".	of the arts, it has b	een said that "the oil of co	ommerce lighted the			
1. patronage	2. barrier	^{3.} crusade	^{4.} territory			
18-They admired greek cult	ural achievements and pre	eserved them for future				
1. invasions	2. assassinations	3. generations	4. assumptions			
19-The word consists of the Latin Cuneus, "wedge" and form a "shape". It is a system of writing used for a number of ancient languages.						
1. caucasian	^{2.} curb	3. cuneiform	^{4.} clan			
20-Iraq has four main areas:lower Iraq, upper Iraq, the northeast mountain,and the western desert.						
1. record	^{2.} portion	^{3.} leisure	^{4.} region			
21-With modernization come greater inflation ,corruption and social <u>unrest</u> . unrest means						
1. _{ثبات}	ناآرامي .2	3. _{هويت}	طبقه .4			
22-Quarrels broke out between various groups of wealthy merchants, often noble families joined in the <u>feuds</u> . feud means						
1. خ _{صومت}	2. تحول	3. ت _{صر} ف	4. منف ع ت			
23-Darius's son and <u>successor</u> ,Xerxes,determined to punish Athens invaded Greece in 480. successor means						
1. فاتح	2. حامي	جانشین .3	فرمانروا 4.			

حضرت علی(ع): دانش راهبر نیکویی برای ایمان است

سر ي سوال: يک ۱	، تشریحی: ۰	زمان آزمون (دقیقه) : تستی : ۸۰	تشریحی: ۰	داد سوالات : تستى : 30		
www.PnuNews.com www.PnuNews.net			تون تاریخی به زبان خارجی ۱ تاریخ (کاردانی)،تاریخ۱۲۲۹۰۲۵			
24-The <u>upheaval</u> of the constitutional Revolution and civil war had engaged stability and trade. upheaval means						
1. تهدید	محاصره 2.	3. _{واض}	انق 4.	اغتشاش		
25-During his <u>reign</u> , Iran became one of the most powerful nations in the world.reign means						
1. سکونت	مناظره 2.	شایی .3	ي .4 كشورگث	سلطنت		
26-They have an <u>autocratic</u> government that does not pay any attention to what people say. autocratic means						
1. مستبدانه	ت الحمايه 2.	طرف 3.	ر 4. بى د	سياستمدا		
27-These people began making swift incursions into some parts of western Europe, <u>plundering</u> the richer areas. plunder means						
1. مهاجرت کردن	رض کر _{دن} .2	ع _{ردن} .3 منقر	عارت ک	پیشروی کردر		
28-The 13th century may be regarded as the middle points of <u>medieval</u> culture .medieval means						
نوزایی .1	يونان گ _{را} .2	گ _{ری} .3	. 4. سودا	قرون وسطاي _ح		
29-These people had attended great skills by the end of the second millenium. millenium means						
1. _{سده}	2. _{هزاره}	3. _{4&3}	4. ر	قرر		
30-Iranians did not remain at ease under Arab rule and <u>took advantage</u> of every opportunity to gain their independence. take advantage of means						
معوق گذاشتن .1	ت شمردن .2	غنيم. 3. غنيم <i>،</i>	ن .4 پیشرفت ک	جايز شمردر		