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1- Regular face washing may help .... eye infection.

1. prevent   **2.** increase   **3.** focus   **4.** premise

2- something that could be dangerous or cause damage or accident is called

1. relevant   **2.** concept   **3.** hazard   **4.** astray

3- ....The thing that people are concentrating on or paying particular attention to is called

1. fluency   **2.** focus   **3.** quality   **4.** unstable

4- certain . . . . traits may be inherited from our parents

1. personality   **2.** manipulation   **3.** creative   **4.** obvious

5- something that makes one person or thing more likely to succed than others or profit .

1. challenge   **2.** contrast   **3.** advantage   **4.** research

6- Mental processes involved in acquiring , processing , and strong knowledge is called..................

1. algorithm   **2.** procedure   **3.** fixation   **4.** cognition

7- Having children when you are older has both . . . . and disadvantages.

1. human   **2.** advantages   **3.** insurance   **4.** option

8- 'involving money ' refers to.....................

1. fortune   **2.** explosion   **3.** financial   **4.** previous

9- We need a fresh . . . . to human behavior in psychology.

1. formula   **2.** approach   **3.** lottery   **4.** academic

10- Tests have proved the . . . . of this material.

1. utility   **2.** risk   **3.** probability   **4.** loss

11- convincing sensory experiences that occur in the absence of an external stimulus is called..................

1. deprivation   **2.** autonomy   **3.** hallucination   **4.** motivation

12- The need to discover and fulfill ones own potential is called................

1. homestasis   **2.** self-actualization

3. self-determination   **4.** evolutionary

13- **Any external object or event that motivates behavior is a (n) ....**

1. energy source
2. incentive
3. need
4. drive

14- **An opportunity for you to do something .**

1. contentment
2. expression
3. joy
4. chance

15- **They face the . . . . of terrorism everyday.**

1. mood
2. bland
3. tendency
4. threat

16- **To give particular importance or attention to something refers to......................................**

1. emphasize
2. expectancy
3. independent
4. subdivide

17- **Which of the following is Not considered an emotion ?**

1. joy
2. anger
3. fear
4. thinking

18- **People study yoga for a(n)... of reasons .**

1. feedback
2. era
3. variety
4. whereas

19- **A serious medical condition in which your body does not produce enough insulin to produce amont of suger in the blood is called....................**

1. economic
2. contrast
3. diabetes
4. encounter

20- **A point beyond which it isn't possible to go refers to...**

1. relevance
2. limit
3. headache
4. lable

21- **The view of stress that focus on physiological changes is called . . . .**

1. the stimulus view
2. the tension view
3. the response view
4. the relational view

22- **. . . . . are the most prevalent psychiatric disorders .**

1. Anxiety disorder
2. Diabetes
3. Asthma
4. Chronic

23- **To recognize the differences between things refers to...**

1. disposition
2. distort
3. perspective
4. distinguish

24- **In my opinion , it is her . . . . book .**

1. about
2. place
3. need
4. worst

25- According to Freud , the most powerful force in our personality is . . . .

1. unconcious   2. conscious   3. preconscious   4. awareness

26- The noise from the airport is the . . . . at night .

1. agreeable   2. layer   3. worst   4. disposition

27- A condition in which your blood pressure is extremely high is called.....................................

1. mortality   2. reduction   3. hypertension   4. surgical

28- The type of life you have is called...................................

1. lifestyle   2. meta-analysis   3. intervention   4. mortality

29- Stopping smoking is a case of . . . .

1. decision-making   2. lifestyle change

3. physical activity   4. risk-taking

30- We will see great . . . . in prices .

1. noise   2. conclude   3. night   4. reduction

31- The fact that a part of your body is unable to do something fully refers to.............................

1. classification   2. literally   3. impairment   4. inference

32- Not working normally refers to...

1. discomfort   2. dysfunctional   3. adjustment   4. statistic

33- The word "disorder" is closest in meaning to ....

1. illness   2. well-being   3. lack of order   4. image

34- Taking one's own life refers to...

1. self-image   2. grandiose   3. suicide   4. personality

35- The word "personality" is closest in meaning to ....

1. individuality   2. character   3. identification   4. being a person

36- Depression is one of the strongest predictors of . . . . . .

1. suicide   2. newborn   3. insight   4. personality

37- Free association and symbols were used to . . . .

1. treat madness   2. examine prosses

3. interpret dreams   4. cure physical disorders

38- **Psychodynamic theorists look for . . . .**

1. the past

2. the present

3. the future

4. the present and the future

39- **Cognitive therapists try to help patients to identify . . . .**

1. their harmful beliefs and idea

2. emotional disorders

3. past experience

4. dream patterns

40- **It is common to confuse negative . . . . with punishment .**

1. reward

2. aversion

3. reinforcement

4. monitor