www.Pnu<u>N</u>ews.com کز آزمون وسنجش حضرت علی(ع): دانش راهبر نیکویی برای ایمان است تعداد سوالات: تستى: 30 تشريحي: • سرى سوال: يك ١ زمان آزمون (دقيقه): تستى: ٩٠ تشريحي: ٠ **وان درس:** متون تخصصی ۲،متون جغرافیای انسانی به زبان خارجه ۲ www.PnuNews.com طبيعي (اقليم شناسي)،جغرافياي طبيعي (ژئومورفولوژي) ١٢١٢٠٠٧ 1-In recent years, Kenya has been known as the country with the highest rate of natural increase in the world. 2. storm 3. flood 4. population 1. environment 2-The difference between the real and the measured quantities is named....... 2. slowdown 3. increase 4. increment 1. margin of error **3-Thw person or animal living in a place is called the...... of the area.** 1. birth ^{2.} inhabitant ^{3.} realm ⁴. starvation 4-What is the synonym of extreme hunger in English? ^{2.} Starvation 1. Wisdom ^{3.} Poverty 4. Power loom 5-Consequences of European involvement the impact of periodic natural checks on the growth of numbers of population in India. 2. raised 3. reduced 4. left 1. increased 6-Extreme scarcity of food in a region is named............ 2. famine 3. starvation 4. revenge 1. drought 7-There was an influenza which began in 1917 and ended in 1919. ^{3.} exodus 1. fuel ^{2.} crude ^{4.} epidemic 8-Today life in many European and other western countries exceeds 70 years. 1. expectancy 2. expect 3. expects 4. expected 9-People migrate from one geographic realm to another for numerous reasons. 'Realm' means...... **1.** history 2. vallev ^{3.} reality 4. region 10-A narrow projection of the territory of a state between that of others as a strip or along a coast line could be named as...... 2. expulsion 3. exodus **1.** panhandle 4. movement 11-The great majority of refugees leave their without assurance that they will be able to return to the place where they lived. ^{3.} irrigation **1.** manifestation 2. abode 4. sanitation 12-The action of gaining something is called...... 1. acquisition ^{2.} acquire 3. acquires 4. acquired

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13-While our distant	learned to plant crops,	, they also began to keep	animals as livestock.	
1. people	^{2.} folk	^{3.} population	^{4.} ancestors	
14is a way of lif	e for many people more	e than hunting and gather	ing.	
1. Refusing		^{2.} Removing		
^{3.} Shifting cultivation		^{4.} destroying		
15-Scientists can only	on the possibility of t	he existence of life on oth	ner planets.	
1. speculate	^{2.} speculative	^{3.} speculation	4. speculatively	
¹⁶⁻ An important factor in	the location of industry	is the availability of		
1. fertilizers	^{2.} domestication	-	^{4.} babies	
¹⁷⁻ The term has been derived from a city-state in the Peloponnesus in Greece, which still survives as a town.				
1. village	^{2.} megalopolis	^{3.} hamlet	^{4.} colony	
¹⁸⁻ A delta is created as a result of a river having sediment at its mouth for millions of years.				
1. deposited	^{2.} perishable	^{3.} radiated	^{4.} removed	
¹⁹⁻ Reducing the costs of living in small cities can the decentralization of population. it can cause it happen faster.				
1. monopoly	^{2.} precipitate	^{3.} acknowledge	⁴ . accelerate	
20-Iron is extracted from ir	on ore when it is	at very high temperatu	ires.	
1. stimulated	^{2.} catalyzed	^{3.} smelted	^{4.} dominated	
21-The of cheap car	s, has enabled the gove	rnment to stop importing	cars.	
1. less production	, C	^{2.} mass production		
^{3.} destruction		^{4.} no production		
22-Miserable living condition to beckon.	ons for immigr	ants notwithstanding, the	e world's cities continue	
1. foreign	^{2.} local	^{3.} rural	^{4.} urban	
23-Villages are growing into towns are being absorbed into larger urban complexes calledareas.				
1. colony	^{2.} metropolitan	^{3.} flood-prone	^{4.} shantytown	
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WWV		News.	دانشگاه پیم ور مرکز آزمون وسندش		
	یکویی برای ایمان است ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	حضرت علی(ع): دانش راهبر ن	المالية مرتصر المون وسينس		
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²⁴⁻ A number of houses too small to be called a village are called					
1. non-residential	^{2.} hamlets	^{3.} nucleated	^{4.} downtown		
25-Farmers of the Soviet U	nion worked on	lands; no body owned	a piece of land.		
1. communal	2. slum	^{3.} rural	^{4.} cultural		
26-Our country had a complete <u>census</u> a few years ago. 'Census' means					
تحصيلات 1.	جمعیت 2.	سرشما _ر ی .3	تسهيلات .4		
27-The Red Crescent worke means	ers rushed to the <u>site</u>	<u>e</u> of the earthquake to rescu	ue the victims. 'Site'		
1. _{زمان}	2. _{نجات}	ق _{ربانى} .3	مكان ⁴ .		
28-The cost of <u>distributing products</u> to potential buyers has steadily increased. 'Distributing products' means					
خريد كالا 1.	توليد كالا .2	توزيع کالا .3	کالای مونتا _ژ شده .4		
²⁹⁻ China possessed a substantial industrial base long before the <u>Industrial Revolution</u> . 'Industrial revolution' means					
انقلاب صن ع تی 1.	صنعت انقلا _{بی} .2	3. صنايع مهم	اهميت صنايع .4		
³⁰⁻ There is a <u>mobile</u> hospital on an airline which is used by the doctors without border. 'Mobile' means					
هموار 1.	2. _{ثابت}	متحرک .3	ناهموار .4		